Claims:

- 1 1. A method for calibrating a gap measuring tool comprising:
- 2 providing a calibration standard including at least one mock slider to be in contact with a
- mock disc, said slider including a recessed portion, said recessed portion being a slider surface
- 4 recessed with respect to a disc surface;
- 5 determining an actual distance between said disc and a surface of the recessed portion of
- 6 said slider at at least one location;
- 7 determining by optical measurement an observed distance between said disc and surface
- 8 of recessed portion of said slider at said at least one of said locations; and
- 9 comparing said observed distance to said actual distance at each of said locations.
- 1 2. The method of claim 1, further comprising calibrating said gap measuring tool based on
- the differential between each measured distance and its associated actual distance.
- 1 3. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
- 2 determining a surface profile; and
- 3 compensating for surface irregularities based on said profile.
- 1 4. The method of claim 3, wherein said determining a surface profile is by a profilometer.
- 1 5. The method of claim 1, further comprising providing a mock slider having an inclined
- 2 surface, said inclined surface maintaining a space between said disc and said slider varying with
- 3 respect to position.

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- 6. The method of claim 5, further comprising forming said recessed portion of said slider by 1 a chemical deposition process. 2 The method of claim 5, wherein said determining said actual distance is performed by an 1 7. atomic force microscope (AFM). 8. The method of claim 5, wherein said calibration standard is shielded from contamination 1 by a cover. 9. The method of claim 5, wherein contact is maintained between said mock slider and said 1 2 mock disc by at least one spring. The method of claim 5, wherein said gap varies with location. 10. 1
- 1 11. The method of claim 10, wherein said gap varies in a manner selected from the group
- 2 consisting of: linearly, parabolically, curvingly, and concavely.
- 1 12. The method of claim 5, wherein said optical measurement includes an optical
- 2 interference measurement.
- 1 13. The method of claim 12, further comprising:
- determining an actual gap size between said disc and said inclined surface at one or more

3 locations;

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- 4 determining by optical measurement an observed gap size between said disc and said
- 5 inclined surface at one or more of said locations; and
- 6 comparing said observed gap size to said actual gap size at each of said locations.
- 1 14. The method of claim 13, further comprising:
- developing a plurality of curves representative of light intensity with respect to location
- 3 on said inclined surface, each curve associated to a specific light frequency; and
- for each of a plurality of locations, associating a combination of light intensity values to
- 5 their respective measured gap size.
- 1 15. The method of claim 13, further comprising:
- for each location, comparing the measured gap size to the actual gap size; and
- 3 calibrating said gap size measuring tool based on the differential between each measured
- 4 gap size and its associated actual gap size.
- 1 16. The method of claim 14, further comprising:
- 2 utilizing the light intensity curves to determine a minimum light intensity and a
- 3 maximum light intensity.
- 1 17. The method of claim 16, further comprising:
- 2 calibrating said gap size measuring tool based on said minimum light intensity and said
- 3 maximum light intensity.

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- 1 18. A system for calibrating a gap measuring tool comprising:
- a calibration standard including at least one mock slider to be in contact with a mock
- disc, said slider including a recessed portion, said recessed portion being a slider surface recessed
- 4 with respect to a disc surface, wherein
- 5 an actual distance between said disc and said surface of recessed portion of said slider is
- 6 determined at at least one location;
- an observed distance between said disc and said surface of recessed portion of said slider
- 8 is determined by optical measurement at said at least one of said locations; and
- 9 said observed distance is compared to said actual distance at each of said locations.
- 1 19. The system of claim 18, wherein said gap measuring tool is calibrated based on the
- 2 differential between each measured distance and its associated actual distance.
- 1 20. The system of claim 18, wherein an irregularity gap between said disc and a top surface
- of said slider is determined by optical measurement at one or more locations.
- 1 21. The system of claim 18, wherein said mock slider has an inclined surface, said inclined
- 2 surface maintaining a space between said disc and said slider varying with respect to position.
- 1 22. The system of claim 21, wherein said recessed portion of said slider is formed by a
- 2 chemical deposition process.

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- 1 23. The system of claim 21, wherein said actual distance is determined by an atomic force
- 2 microscope (AFM).
- 1 24. The system of claim 21, wherein said calibration standard is shielded from contamination
- 2 by a cover.
- 1 25. The system of claim 21, wherein contact is maintained between said mock slider and said
- 2 mock disc by at least one spring.
- 1 26. The system of claim 21, wherein said gap varies with location.
- 1 27. The system of claim 26, wherein said gap varies in a manner selected from the group
- 2 consisting of: linearly, parabolically, curvingly, and concavely.
- 1 28. The system of claim 21, wherein said optical measurement includes an optical
- 2 interference measurement.
- 1 29. The system of claim 28, wherein an actual gap size between said disc and said inclined
- 2 surface is determined at one or more locations; an observed gap size between said disc and said
- 3 inclined surface is determined by optical measurement at one or more of said locations; and said
- 4 observed gap size is compared to said actual gap size at each of said locations.

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- 1 30. The system of claim 29, wherein a plurality of curves representative of light intensity
- with respect to location on said inclined surface are developed, each curve associated to a
- 3 specific light frequency; and
- for each of a plurality of locations, a combination of light intensity values is associated to
- 5 the respective measured gap size.
- 1 31. The system of claim 29, wherein for each location, the measured gap size is compared to
- the actual gap size; and the gap size measuring tool is calibrated based on the differential
- 3 between each measured gap size and its associated actual gap size.
- 1 32. A method for calibrating a gap measuring tool comprising:
- 2 providing a calibration standard including at least one mock slider to be in contact with a
- 3 mock disc, said slider including a mock slider having an inclined surface, said inclined surface
- 4 maintaining a gap varying with position between said disc and said slider;
- 5 determining an actual gap size between said disc and said inclined surface at at least one
- 6 location;
- 7 determining by optical measurement an observed gap size between said disc and said
- 8 inclined surface at said at least one of said locations;
- 9 developing a plurality of curves representative of light intensity with respect to location
- on said inclined surface, each curve associated to a specific light frequency; and
- for each of a plurality of locations, associating a combination of light intensity values to
- their respective measured gap size.

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- 1 33. The method of claim 32, further comprising:
- for each location, comparing the measured gap size to the actual gap size; and
- 3 calibrating said gap size measuring tool based on the differential between each measured

4 gap size and its associated actual gap size.

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